

### ADHESIVE DESCRIPTION

ACRALOCK SA10-07AW, SA10-12AW, SA10-15AW and SA10-40AW are four similar base methacrylate adhesives (Component A) that only differ by working time range. These base adhesives are UV stabilized and when used at a 10:1 mix ratio with either our bright white activator ACT-6B WHT or ACT-1-5B OWT activators (Component B). When cured this adhesive can provide a white cured color that has resistance to the effects of UV exposure. These adhesive products also provide high shear strength when adhered to assemblies of thermoset composites, plastics, and metals (see all notes on back). ACRALOCK adhesives, manufactured by Engineered Bonding Solutions, LLC., are packaged in 50mL and 490mL dual cartridges as well as 5- and 50-gallon containers for application with meter-mix dispensing equipment.

### KEY FEATURES

- Easy 10:1 mix ratio
- WHT versions are available in 10,18, and 45 min
- OWT versions are available in 12,70, and 110 min
- 3,200psi shear strength and up to 140% elongation
- Bright white or off-white with UV resistance
- Good chemical resistance
- Excellent fatigue characteristics and shock load resistance
- Stable formulations with shelf-life of 9 months

### SUBSTRATES THAT CAN BE BONDED

Wood, polyesters, vinyl esters, SMC, epoxies, acrylics, PVC/FPVC/CPVC, polycarbonate, ABS, styrenics, stainless steel, carbon steel, aluminum, coated metals, and many other composites, thermoplastics, and metals.

### CHEMICAL RESISTANCE

Cured Adhesive is generally resistant to intermittent exposures of salt solutions, hydrocarbons, acids and bases with a pH range from 3 to 10. See more important notes on chemical resistance on back page.

### NOT RECOMMENDED FOR BONDING

Polyolefins: TPO's, polyacetals, and PTFE

### TEMPERATURE EXPOSURE

Temperature range for this product is from -40 to 180 °F (-40 to 82 °C) with intermittent exposure between -67 to 250°F (-55 to 121 °C).

### TYPICAL ADHESIVE WET PROPERTIES

Property	Comp A	Comp 6B	Comp 1B/3B/5B
Color	CREAM	WHT	OWT
Viscosity (cP)	200K-400K	100K-200K	100K-200K
Mix ratio weight	5.7	1	*See below
Mix ratio volume	10 part	1 part	1 part
Density g/cc	.96	1.677	1.271
WPG lb/gal	8	13.98	10.6

\*Mix ratio weight for OWT is 7.5 COMP A to 1 COMP B

### WHT CARTRIDGE CODE – WORKING TIME (min)

ADHESIVE	SA10-07AW	SA10-15AW	SA10-40AW
ACTIVATOR	ACT-6B WHT	ACT-6B WHT	ACT-6B WHT
	<b>SA10-07WHT</b>	<b>SA10-15WHT</b>	<b>SA10-40WHT</b>
Working time	7-12	15-20	40-50
Fixture time	14-24	30-40	80-100

Also available in BLK, GRY. See representative for additional details.

### OWT CARTRIDGE CODE – WORKING TIME (min)

ADHESIVE	SA10-12AW	SA10-40AW	SA10-40AW
ACTIVATOR	ACT-1B OWT	ACT-3B OWT	ACT-5B OWT
	<b>SA10-12 OWT</b>	<b>SA10-160 OWT</b>	<b>SA10-190 OWT</b>
Working time	11-14	60-75	110-130
Fixture time	22-28	120-150	220-360

### CURED PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

	Typical Values psi (MPa)
Tensile strength	2,100- 2,600 (18)
Modulus <i>kpsi</i>	60-90 (620)
Elongation (max. %):	80-120
Lap Shear Aluminum*, ASTM D1002	2,700- 3,200 (22)
Lap Shear Stainless Steel*, D1002*	2,500- 3,000 (20)
Lap Shear Cold Rolled Steel*, D1002	2,500- 3,000 (20)
Lap Shear Pultrusion-FRP psi, D5868	2,700- 3,200 (22)

\*SA10-07-12-15-40AW- A quick cleaner /primer solution, AP-1, was used before bonding AL, SS and CRS metal surfaces for best results!

**SEE IMPORTANT INFORMATION AND NOTES ON PAGE 2**

**IMPORTANT INFORMATION**

ACRALOCK is a trade name of Engineered Bonding Solutions, LLC (hereinafter referred to as “EBS”). All ACRALOCK 1:1 and 10:1 adhesives (Component A) and 1:1 activators (1:1 Component B) are flammable. Cured product is NOT fire resistant and will burn if ignited, releasing toxic fumes. The use of proper PPE (Personal Protective Equipment) is strongly recommended; wear gloves and safety glasses to avoid skin and eye contact, harmful if swallowed and please always refer to both TDS and SDS before using any ACRALOCK adhesive product. Questions relative to handling and applications should be directed to 1-855-411-GLUE or email us at [info@acralock.com](mailto:info@acralock.com)

Adhesives are supplied in dual component cartridges, 5-gallon pails and 50-gallon drums to facilitate mixing through approved stainless-steel meter mix dispensing equipment. Always use a static mixer with sufficient elements to ensure a homogeneous mix. We do not recommend mixing by hand. Please contact your EBS representative for questions about dispensing equipment manufacturers and approved seal and gasket materials. Automated equipment should be constructed of stainless steel. An exothermic chemical reaction occurs when components A and B are mixed and will generate heat. The amount of heat generated is relative to amount of mass of mixed product and also the working time of the Components A and B (or more relative to reactivity of product). Generally, faster curing products applied in larger beads or mixed left into large quantities can cause rapid boiling of monomers under excessive heat of reaction. These vapors are flammable or harmful if inhaled. Avoid sanding, grinding on cured adhesives (cut or scrape instead), which can produce noxious smoke that could contain harmful constituents, in this case consider a forced air breathing apparatus (PPE). After proper mixing of components, the VOC content of cured product will be less than 20 g/L (0.17 lbs./gal).

Use sufficient material to ensure the joint is completely filled when parts are mated and clamped. All adhesive application, part positioning, and fixturing should occur before the working time of the mix has expired. After indicated working time, parts must remain undisturbed until the fixture time is reached. The working time is the approximate time that the adhesive remains fluid and will still wet the surface of the adhered after mixing component A (adhesive) and component B (activator). The fixture time is the approximate time after mixing the two components that will allow the parts to be moved or unclamped. However both working time and fixture times will increase or decrease depending on ambient temperatures and thickness of application. Thin applications in colder conditions can substantially increase fixture time. The reported data presented in the TDS are based on tests conducted under laboratory conditions of 75°F/24°C. For applications in hot or cold ambient conditions, please contact your EBS representative. Clean-up is easiest before the adhesive has cured Citrus terpene or N-methylpyrrolidone (NMP) containing, polar solvents, ketones. Avoid contaminating wet adhesive cosmetic surfaces with these cleaners, use masking tape and remove after applying while wet. If the adhesive is already cured, careful remove by scraping with a sharp tool, followed by a solvent wipe may be the most effective method of clean-up.

**IMPORTANT NOTES:**

**Surface Preparation:** The need for surface preparation must be determined by the user based on comparative testing of unprepared and prepared substrates to determine if strengths are adequate for application. Clean adhesive failure is not desired for long-term durable performance. In all cases initial shear strength tests must be followed up with simulated or actual durability tests to assure that surface conditions do not lead to degradation of the bond over time under service conditions. Subsequent changes in substrates or bonding conditions will require re-testing.

**Most thermoplastics** listed above can be bonded with no surface preparation other than a dry wipe or air blow-off. If contamination is visible or suspected, wipe with alcohol prior to bonding. Low surface energy plastics like polyolefins, thermoplastic polyesters and fluorocarbon plastics are generally not bondable.

**Metals:** EBS recommends surface preparation of most bare metals prior to bonding with Acralock adhesives. Preparation of metals may involve sanding, solvent wipe, solvent immersion or dry wipe. After cleaning, EBS recommends a final wipe of all bondable surfaces using Acralock AP-1, an alcohol based cleaner/primer, to achieve better adhesion, and long-term bond durability. Metal to metal assemblies with thin bond gaps  $\leq .015$ " requires standoff or spacers for uniformity. Metals such as cold rolled steel, carbon steel, ductile iron, etc. require sanding to remove rust, oxidation or scale followed by cleaning with AP-1 cleaner/primer. High strength galvanized steel should be sanded, cleaned with AP-1 and tested with 1:1 Acralock products, such as SA1-05A or SA1-700A, for best results. Surface preparation, and AP-1 wipe is strongly recommended for best adhesion. Powder coated and painted metals do not require AP-1, but should be tested before bonding. **All other metals should be tested prior to bonding.**

**Thermoset** composites are generally bonded without preparation; however, mold releases and process can produce varied bonding performance and testing should be performed.

**Elevated temperature** cohesive strength at 180°F retains a minimum of 500 psi as measured on aluminum. Bonds can be exposed to intermittent temperatures up to 250°F, provided at the higher temperature range bonding assembly is in a fixture and not under shear load. User must determine suitability for all applications and operating conditions.

**Chemical Resistance** EBS strongly recommends laboratory and end-use testing representative of the environmental conditions and how the bonded assembly will be used. Bonds are generally resistant to the effects of heat, water and moisture, aqueous chemicals and some intermittent exposure of gasoline, motor oil and diesel fuel. Not recommended for immersion or long-term exposure to all hydrocarbons, concentrated acids or bases, or aggressive organic solvents such as toluene, ketones, and esters.

**The shelf life** of Components A and B in unopened containers is determined from the date the product is manufactured at EBS facilities. Shelf life is based on steady state storage between 55°F and 80°F (13°C and 27°C). Exposure, intermittent or prolonged, above 80°F/27°C will result in a reduction of the stated shelf life. Shelf life of both components can be extended by air-conditioned or refrigerated storage between 55°F and 65°F (13°C and 18°C). Refer to Product Label for Product expiration date.

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